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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/074,028	02/14/2002	Bernadette Mary Gibbs 53394		5655
56679	7590 08/09/2006		EXAM	INER
GOSZ AND 450 BEDFOR	PARTNERS, LLP		KIDWELL, MICHELE M	
LEXINGTON			ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER	
			3761	
			DATE MAILED: 08/09/2000	5

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Annii anni (a				
Office Action Summary			Applicant(s)				
		10/074,028	GIBBS, BERNADETTE MARY				
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	The ALAN MAR AND	Michele Kidwell	3761				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).							
Status							
1)[Responsive to communication(s) filed on 10 Ma	ay 2006.					
		action is non-final.					
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims							
4) 🔯	Claim(s) 1,2,5-7,11-16,26-28,30 and 31 is/are pending in the application.						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6) 🖂	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,2,5-7,11-16,26-28,30 and 31</u> is/are rejected.						
7)	7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) 🗌	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.					
Applicati	on Papers						
9)□	The specification is objected to by the Examiner	•					
	10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) 🔲 -	11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
a)[12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
+ 0	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
Attachment	r(s)						
	e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary					
3) 🔲 Inform	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ate catent Application (PTO-152)				

Application/Control Number: 10/074,028

Art Unit: 3761

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 1-2, 5-7, 11-16, 26-28 and 30-31 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Olson (US 6,764,475).

With respect to claim 1, Olson discloses an absorbent article comprising a main body having a first main body waist portion, a second main body waist portion and a central main body portion disposed between the first and second main body waist portions, the main body having orthogonal longitudinal and lateral axes (figure 2); and a pair of elastic side panels (34) each connecting the first main body waist portion to the second main body waist portion, the main body and the side panels collectively defining a waist opening edge surrounding a waist opening and two leg opening edges, each leg opening edge surrounding a leg opening, each elastic side panel having a first side portion extending laterally outward from the first main body waist portion and terminating in a first outer lateral side panel edge, and a second side portion extending laterally outward from the second main body waist portion and terminating in a second

outer lateral side panel edge, the first side portion being attached to the second side portion by a curved side seam, as set forth in col. 17, lines 10 - 13 and in col. 19, lines 66 - 67.

The difference between Olson and claim 1 is the provision that the curved side seam has a centerline that intersects the waist opening edge at a first intersection point, a tangent to the centerline defining a first seam angle in the range of from about 0 to about 80 degrees with respect to the vertical axis.

The examiner initially notes that any point of the side seam may be measured to meet the claimed limitation, including the very top point of the side seam where the seam does not appear to be curved, and one could reasonably assume to be 0 degrees or at least less than 80 degrees. Nevertheless, for the sake of completeness, the examiner contends that it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify angle of the first seam in order to produce the most effective product since it has been held that where the general conditions of a claim are disclosed in the prior art, discovering the optimum or workable range involves only a level of ordinary skill in the art.

As to claim 2, Olson discloses an absorbent article further comprising a backsheet (40) wherein the main body includes a first portion of the backsheet, a topsheet attached to the first portion of the backsheet and an absorbent core disposed intermediate the topsheet and the first portion of the backsheet, the elastic side panels being formed at least in part from a second portion of the backsheet as set forth in col. 12, lines 14 – 30.

With reference to claim 5, Olson discloses an absorbent article wherein at least a portion of the side seam is formed as a circular arc as set forth in figures 1 – 2 and 4.

As to claim 6, Olson discloses an absorbent article wherein at least a portion of the side seam comprises a plurality of curved sub-portions as set forth in figure 1.

With respect to claim 7, Olson discloses an absorbent article wherein at least two of the plurality of curved sub-portions are formed with different geometric curve types as set forth in figures 1, 4 and 7-9.

The difference between Olson and claim 11 is the provision that the first seam angle is in a specific range.

The examiner contends that depending upon which tangent is selected, the first seam angle may correspond to the claimed range.

Alternatively, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify first and/or second seam angles in order to produce the most effective product since it has been held that where the general conditions of a claim are disclosed in the prior art, discovering the optimum or workable range involves only a level of ordinary skill in the art.

With respect to claims 12, 14 - 16 and 30 - 31, see the rejection of claim 10.

As to claim 13, Olson discloses an absorbent article wherein the side seam has a centerline that intersects one of leg opening edges at a second intersection point, the

centerline defining a second seam angle with respect to the vertical axis as set forth in figure 1.

With reference to claim 26, Olson discloses an absorbent article wherein the first side portion includes a lower hip region having a lateral hip region edge, the lateral hip region edge intersecting the first outer lateral side panel edge as set forth in figure 1.

Regarding claim 27, Olson discloses an absorbent article wherein at least a portion of the first outer lateral side panel edge and at least a portion of the lateral hip region edge form a substantially continuous curve as set forth in figure 1.

As to claim 28, Olson discloses an absorbent article comprising a main body having a first main body waist portion, a second main body waist portion and a central main body portion disposed between the first and second main body waist portions, the main body having orthogonal longitudinal and lateral axes (figure 2); and a pair of side panels (34) each side panel connecting the first main body waist portion to the second main body waist portion, the main body and the side panels collectively defining a waist opening edge surrounding a waist opening and two leg opening edges, each leg opening edge surrounding a leg opening, each side panel being formed from a first side portion extending laterally outward from the first main body waist portion and a second side portion extending laterally outward from the second main body waist portion and a pair of curved side seams (col. 17, lines 10 – 13 and col. 19, lines 66 – 67), each side seam connecting the first side portion of one of the side panels to the second side portion of the same side panel, each seam intersecting the waist opening edge at a first

seam angle relative to the vertical axis and intersecting one of the leg opening edges at a second seam angle relative to the vertical axis as set forth in figure 1.

The difference between Olson and claim 28 is the provision that the curved side seam has a centerline that intersects the waist opening edge at a first intersection point, a tangent to the centerline defining a first seam angle in the range of from about 0 to about 80 degrees with respect to the vertical axis.

The examiner initially notes that any point of the side seam may be measured to meet the claimed limitation, including the very top point of the side seam where the seam does not appear to be curved, and one could reasonably assume to be 0 degrees or at least less than 80 degrees. Nevertheless, for the sake of completeness, the examiner contends that it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify angle of the first seam in order to produce the most effective product since it has been held that where the general conditions of a claim are disclosed in the prior art, discovering the optimum or workable range involves only a level of ordinary skill in the art.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed May 10, 2006 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

With respect to the applicant's argument that Olson does not include side panel portions extending laterally outward from the waist portion, the examiner disagrees.

Col. 17, lines 10 – 13 disclose that front and back side panel portions are joined at a seam and the examiner maintains that any portion of those panels as well as other

portions of the article may be considered in order to meet the claimed limitations.

Likewise, Olson discloses the use of curved side seams in col. 19, lines 66 – 67, which would inherently include an angle that may or may not be modified.

Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**.

See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michele Kidwell whose telephone number is 571-272-4935. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday thru Friday.

Application/Control Number: 10/074,028

Art Unit: 3761

Page 8

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Tatyana Zalukaeva can be reached on 571-272-1115. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Michele Kidwell
Primary Examiner
Art Unit 3761